exchanger to retain the low temperature of the coolent water. Another each angest or relains the low temperature of the coolant water. Another modification of the system utilises the conveyer principle so that cooked food emerging from a packaging plant on a production time is transferred directly to the water chiller where it is imbinred for a pre-set time to cuture complete chilling. The controls on iccul water holliers where much the semis as threat dearward above for are blusts and cryogenic chilters and many are fully programmable

CHILLED STORAGE

Chapters 2 and 3 discussed at some length the importance of maintaining chilled food at a constant low temperature (between 0 and 3°C and, if possible at 0-2°C) in order to inhibit or, at lenst, minimise microbial possible at 0 -xT1 in order to that with or, at least, maintaines microsine in growth during storage—a topic that with the tasken up again of Chapters 8 and 9. It goes without saying them, that all core—feel sum temperate and 9. It goes without saying them, that all core—feel sum temperate consults of careful so careful so careful so the control. It cannot be stressed enough that these are not refrigerators (which generally operate or most control for control for the control for control for the control fo

Coch -chill foods can be stored either in cold rooms or chill cabinets. Both utilise enclosed tress which are cooled by compressor units and both are built to specification to retain cold air at a temperature between 6 and FC. Cold froms are often built as part of a continuous system with chillers or cold portioning rooms leading directly into them. Cabinets are available as 'roll in' types to take food on trolleys, free standing or on wheels. Many cook-civil operators utilize hanks of cabinets which together can have the capacity of a large cold room but which allow the 'roll-in-roll-out' principle to be used.

All systems must be adequately fitted with controls which should include

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